

СОГЛАСОВАНО:

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УТВЕРЖДЕНО

Директор МБОУ СОШ № 23

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Приказ № 10 от 10.05.2019 г.

**Итоговая контрольная работа на промежуточной аттестации  
По учебному предмету «Английский язык» (второй язык)  
2018-2019 учебный год  
9 класс**

**Учитель: Ерохина Ю.А.**

Демонстрационный вариант  
итоговой контрольной работы по английскому языку (второй язык)  
9 класс

Демонстрационный вариант  
Инструкция по выполнению работы

Итоговая контрольная работа состоит из трех заданий.

Задание 1 содержит текст, который нужно прочитать и на основе прочитанного текста расставить буквы в правильной последовательности. Под каждой буквой – одно пропущенное предложение из текста.

Задание 2 – тест, в котором 10 пропусков, выбрать один вариант ответа (a,b,c or d).

Задание 3 выполняется письменно, заполнить анкету.

На выполнение итоговой контрольной работы по английскому языку отводится 45 минут.

Ответы к заданиям 1- 2 записываются в виде одной буквы, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа.

К заданию 3 следует дать краткий или полный развернутый ответ.

Все ответы заполняются яркими чернилами. Допускается использование гелевой или капиллярной ручки.

Баллы, полученные Вами за выполненные задания, суммируются. Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов.

Желаем успеха!

**1. Прочитайте текст и заполните таблицу буквами А-Е. Одно предложение лишнее.**

**Sandwich generation**

There are different families in terms of size and number of generations. There are so-called nuclear families, which consist of parents and dependent children, that is, children who are not old enough to take care of themselves in financial terms. There are also extended families, which also include grandmothers and grandfathers, sometimes even aunts and uncles with their spouses (spouse – супруг, супруга) and kids. They all live together and form one household.

In the past, most families in Russia and other countries were extended families, and three or more generations used to live together. (1) The first refers, mainly, to the young generation — when young people become independent financially and are able to support themselves, they usually leave their parents' house. The latter is about elderly people — grandparents often want their own personal space too and live apart from their grown-up children as long as they are able to take care of themselves.

However, a new trend of the contemporary society has been spotted recently by western researchers. Statistics say that more and more people turn back to extended family lifestyle, when several generations live in one household. Young people tend to stay with their parents even when they become adult. Grandparents, who live longer than they used to, also prefer to share a flat or a house with their children and grandchildren, as they need support and company of other members of the family. But the main reason for that is, certainly, money. (2). It saves money and makes life easier as the household chores (домашние обязанности) can be distributed among several members of the family according to their likes and abilities.

Along with those indisputable advantages there are some disadvantages — different generations have different values, habits and interests, they often get on each other's nerves, which leads to conflicts. (3). A new term “the sandwich generation” has appeared to denote these people. The sandwich generation are those who take care of the elderly and the young, and rule the family in general. (4). Life is quite tough to her. To survive and to maintain a happy family she needs to exercise the extreme tolerance when looking after both children and parents. It would be nice of the other members of the family to appreciate it.

- A. There should be someone who is able to resolve conflicts, bridge different interests and take care of others.
- B. Lots of people prefer extended family because it gives them comfort and support.
- C. Nowadays the situation is different and many people prefer living on their own, if, of course, can afford it and if their health allows them to do it.
- D. In most cases this is the daughter of the elderly generation and the mother of the young generation.
- E. It's obvious that one big household is more economical than three little ones.

Номер	1	2	3	4
Буква				

**2. Выберите правильный вариант ответа.**

«Doing anything special this weekend? » there was a funny note in Julia's voice which \_\_\_\_\_ (1) me turn down the volume of the TV and look up at her.

«No, nothing special. Two or three good films are going to be on. But why do you ask? »

«I have absolutely nothing to wear, » said Julia. At that moment she \_\_\_\_\_ (2) trendy jeans and a black and silver jumper, which she \_\_\_\_\_ just \_\_\_\_\_ (3).

«I'm going shopping on Saturday. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (4) with me? »

I don't like shopping very much. And I \_\_\_\_\_ (5) shopping with Julia. But we \_\_\_\_\_ (6) friends for many years and I didn't want to disappoint her. So, I \_\_\_\_\_ (7).

On Saturday morning Julia \_\_\_\_\_ (8) to pick me up. By the afternoon we \_\_\_\_\_ (9) a dozen of shops and lots of different clothes \_\_\_\_\_ (10). Some of them were too conservative, some too dull, some too silly to Julia's taste. We bought nothing at all, and on the way home I had to listen to Julia complaining about how tired and stressed out she was.

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|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a) makes          | b) made          | c) was made           | d) had made          |
| 2. a) was wearing    | b) had worn      | c) had been wearing   | d) was worn          |
| 3. a) is...bought    | b) has... bought | c) were...bought      | d) had...bought      |
| 4. a) are...coming   | b) shall...come  | c) do...come          | d) have...come       |
| 5. a) hate           | b) am hating     | c) have hated         | d) was hated         |
| 6. a) are            | b) were          | c) have been          | d) will be           |
| 7. a) agree          | b) agreed        | c) had agreed         | d) will agree        |
| 8. a) drop by        | b) drops by      | c) has dropped by     | d) dropped by        |
| 9. a) toured         | b) have toured   | c) had toured         | d) had been toured   |
| 10. a) were tried on | b) are tried on  | c) have been tried on | d) had been tried on |

### 3. Письмо

Заполните анкету участника международного лагеря для изучения английского языка.

1) Name:

2) Surname:

3) Age:

4) Country:

5) Favourite subject:

6) Favourite sport:

**Кодификатор проверяемых элементов содержания и требований к уровню подготовки**

<b>№</b>	<b>Проверяемые элементы содержания</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Чтение</b>
1.1	Понимать прочитанное, ориентироваться в тексте, выявить нужную информацию из текста.
1.2	Порядок слов в предложении.
<b>2</b>	<b>Грамматический тест</b>
2.1	Времена глаголов, их формулы и слова спутники: Past Simple, Past Progressive, Present Perfect, Present Simple, Present Progressive, Future Simple
<b>3</b>	<b>Письмо</b>
3.1	Заполнить анкету о себе. Лексика на тему «Школа», «Спорт».
3.2	Порядок слов в предложении